$$\Theta_n(w,z) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} (z/w)^{n+2m} I_{n+2m}(z),$$

where $I_n(z)$ is the modified Bessel function of the first kind of order n, for the following ranges: w = 0.1(0.1)1, z = 0.1(0.1)1 for $Y_1, Y_2, \Theta_0, \Theta_1$; w = 1(1)z, z = 2(1)20for Y_1 , Y_2 ; w = 2(1)20, z = 1(1)w for Θ_0 , Θ_1 .

Lommel's functions of two variables are usually represented by the symbols $U_n(w, z)$ and $V_n(w, z)$; these are related to the above functions by the formulas $Y_n(w, z) = i^{-n} U_n(iw, iz)$ and $\Theta_n(w, z) = i^{-n} V_n(iw, iz)$.

Tables of U_n and V_n have been calculated by Dekanosidze [1] and Boersma [2].

Y. L. L.

1. E. N. DEKANOSIDZE, Tablitsy tsilindricheskikh funktsit ot dvukh peremennykh (Tables of cylinder functions), Acad. Sci. USSR, Moscow, 1956. (See MTAC, v. 12, 1958, pp. 239-240, RMT 107.) English translation published by Pergamon Press, New York, 1960. (See Math. Comp., v. 16, 1962, p. 383, RMT 36.) 2. J. BOERSMA, "On the computation of Lommel's functions of two variables," Math. Comp., v. 16, 1962, pp. 232-238.

97[L, M].—RORY THOMPSON, Table of $I_n(b) = (2/\pi) \int_0^\infty ((\sin x)/x)^n \cos bx \, dx$, ms. of 26 computer sheets deposited in the UMT file.

The integral in the title is tabulated to 8D for n = 3(1)100, b = 0(0.1)9. Previous tables [1], [2] have been limited to the case b = 0. The method used in computing the present tables has been described by the author in [3].

In a marginal handwritten note the author notes 12 rounding errors detected by a comparison with the earlier tables, which extended to 10D. The presence of other rounding errors in this table is alluded to by the author; some of these are obvious among the early entries.

Apparently no attempt was made to edit the computer output constituting this table; for example, the fact that $I_n(b) = 0$ for $b \ge n$ could have been used to reduce the number of entries shown for $n \leq 8$. Furthermore, the obvious rounding errors referred to could have been removed in an improved copy.

Despite these flaws, this table is a valuable extension of the earlier, related tables.

A FORTRAN listing of the program used in the calculations is included.

J. W. W.

1. K. HARUMI, S. KATSURA & J. W. WRENCH, JR., "Values of $(2/\pi) \int_0^\infty ((\sin t)/t)^n dt$," Math. Comp., v. 14, 1960, p. 379. 2. R. G. MEDHURST & J. H. ROBERTS, "Evaluation of the integral $I_n(b) = (2/\pi)$

 $\int_{0}^{\infty} ((\sin x)/x)^{n} \cos (bx) dx$," Math. Comp., v. 19, 1965, pp. 113–117.

3. RORY THOMPSON, "Evaluation of $I_n(b) = (2/\pi) \int_0^\infty ((\sin x)/x)^n \cos (bx) dx$ and of similar integrals", Math. Comp., v. 20, 1966, pp. 330-332.

98[L, M].—Shigetoshi Katsura, Yuji Inoue, Seiji Hamashita & J. E. Kil-PATRICK, Tables of Integrals of Threefold and Fourfold Products of Associated Legendre Functions, The Technology Reports of the Tôhoku University, v. 30, 1965, pp. 93-164.

These extensive tables list the values, to accuracies varying from 11 to 15 signifi-